

CITY OF SAN DIMAS

California SB 1383



WHEN: Effective January 1, 2022, all California properties will be required to separate organic waste and participate in an organics collection program per State Senate Bill (SB 1383), California's Short-Lived Climate Pollutant Reduction Strategy.

All About Organics

WHO: Waste Management will collect your organics and transport them to a facility that converts organics into energy or nutrient rich compost for soil and plants.

WHAT: Organics-food, food soiled paper, yard & non-hazardous wood waste

WHY: To divert organics from our landfills to help reduce greenhouse gas emissions that contribute to climate change.

- Every 2½ tons of food rescued is the equivalent of taking 2 million cars off the road for a year & aids in feeding the 1 in 4 food insecure children that go hungry in California.
- Organic waste in landfills emits:
 - 20% of CA's methane, a climate super pollutant is
 84 times more potent than carbon dioxide
 - Air pollutants that contribute to health conditions

On-Site Recycling

AB 1826

MANDATORY COMMERCIAL ORGANICS RECYCLING LAW

As of January 1, 2020, all businesses that generate two cubic yards or more of commercial solid waste per week must arrange for organic waste recycling services.



Organic waste includes food, yard trimmings, non-hazardous wood and food soiled paper.

For more information visit: https://www.calrecycle.ca.gov/Organics/SLCP/



What Goes Where?

What Goes in the Organics Cart:	What Goes in the Recycling Cart:		What Goes in the Trash Cart:	
FOOD WASTE & FOOD SOILED PAPER	PLASTIC BOTTLES & CONTAINERS	FOOD & BEVERAGE CANS	GARDEN HOSE	BROKEN CERAMIC DISHES & POTS
	GLASS BOTTLES & CONTAINERS	FOOD & BEVERAGE CARTONS	CANDY, SNACK & FOOD WRAPPERS	CHIP BAGS
YARD WASTE	PAPER	FLATTENED	DIAPERS	FOAM CONTAINERS
		CARDBOARD & PAPERBOARD	DIAFERS	
DO NOT INCLUDE:	WM	DO NOT INCLUDE:	WAA	DO NOT INCLUDE:
NO LOOSE PLASTIC BAGS		NO LOOSE PLASTIC BAGS		NO HAZARDOUS WASTE
NO SERVEWARE		NO FOAM CONTAINERS		NO ELECTRONICS
NO PLASTIC CONTAINERS NO FOAM CONTAINERS		NO CLOTHING, FURNITURE, CARPET		NO BATTERIES, TIRES OR PAINT
NO HAZARDOUS WASTE	B	NO HAZARDOUS WASTE	(A)	NO FLAMMABLE MATERIAL

Place organics materials directly into your organics cart - don't bag your organics materials

Place recyclables directly into your recycling cart - don't bag your recyclables.

Easy Steps to Prevent Food Waste

It is important for the environment to keep food waste out of landfills where it produces methane, a powerful greenhouse gas. **Use these tips to save on groceries and help the environment.** For more information visit: <u>www.usda.gov/foodlossandwaste</u>.

2.

Serve smart

Portion control is good for your waistline,

and good for reducing plate waste.

Food scraps can be recycled into compost, an

organic material that can be added to soil to help plants grow. Set up a home compost bin or drop your food waste at a local compost center.

Compost, don't trash



3. Love your leftovers



Pack leftovers in small portions in shallow containers, mark the contents and date, refrigerate and use within 3 to 4 days or freeze immediately.

Community Composting

Composting at the community scale allows individuals to engage with each other and learn from the process. The healthy soil that is created by a community compost hub stays in the community and is used locally to enrich the soil in the neighborhood in which it was created. For more information and to locate a compost site near you, please visit: <u>https://www.lacompost.org/</u>.

Home Composting

Why learn to compost? Composting is nature's way of recycling food and yard waste into a valuable and organic fertilizer for your garden. Nearly 20% of our waste that ends up in landfills could be composted. Adding compost to your soil reduces watering needs, adds nutrients to the soil, eliminates the need for chemical fertilizers, and keeps these harsh substances out of our storm drains and waterways. Best of all, it's free and made from your trash!

For more information visit: <u>https://dpw.lacounty.gov/epd/sg/wc.cfm</u>.





SB 1383 requires generators to redirect edible food that is currently being thrown away, to feed Californians who are food insecure. Below is a list of local food pantries you can visit or donate to in order to help further reduce waste.

For more information visit:

https://www.calrecycle.ca.gov/Organics/SLCP/FoodRec overy.

Sowing Seeds for Life 1350 East Arrow Hwy.

La Verne, CA 91750 (909) 293-7735

Inland Valley Hope Partners

1753 N. Park Ave. Pomona, CA 91768 (909) 622-3806

LA Food Drop

(888) 253-2652 https://dpw.lacounty.gov /epd/sbr/food-drop.aspx

St. Vincent de Paul Program

725 E. Bonita Ave. San Dimas, CA 91773 (909) 599-1243

Hilltop Church

125 E. Gladstone San Dimas, CA 91773 (909) 599-1603

LA Regional Food Bank (323) 234-3030 https://www.lafoodbank.org/

Where does my organic waste go?



Self-Hauling

How to Comply?

- Sign up for Waste Management services by calling (800) 266-7551 or visiting <u>www.wm.com/us/en</u>.
- Corporate Programs to see if your corporate program qualifies for self-haul email, <u>publicworks@sandimasca.gov</u>. SB 1383 describes very specific types of acceptable processing facilities. Certification of facility, method of processing, tonnage and other information will be required on a regular basis.

For more information about SB 1383 in your community, contact the City of San Dimas Public Works Department at (909) 394-6240 or visit <u>https://sandimasca.gov</u>.